

GCSE : Higher Paper : Formulae and Other Things to Learn

$$P = 4l$$

Perimeter of a Square

$$P = 2l + 2w$$

Perimeter of a Rectangle

$$A = l^2$$

Area of a Square

$$A = lw$$

Area of Rectangle

$$A = \frac{bh}{2}$$

Area of a Triangle

$$A = \pi r^2$$

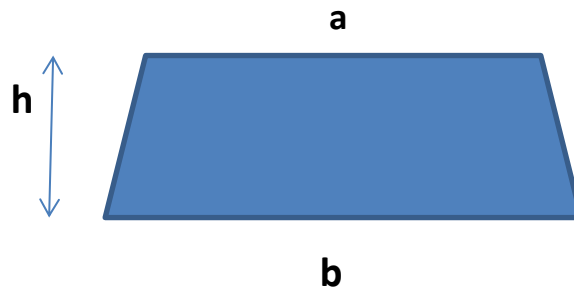
Area of Circle

$$C = \pi D$$

Circumference of a Circle

$$A = \frac{(a+b)h}{2}$$

Area of Trapezium

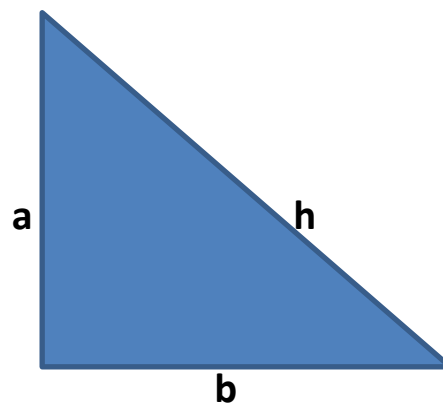


$$A = lh$$

Area of parallelogram

$$h^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

Pythagoras' theorem: Right-angled Triangles



$$S = \frac{D}{T}$$

Constant or Average Speed

Gradient or slope of Dist/Time graph gives speed.

$$V = l^3$$

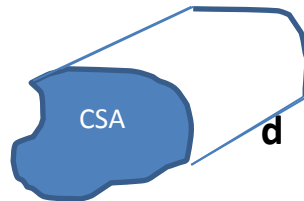
Volume of a Cube

$$V = lbh$$

Volume of a Cuboid

$$V = CSA \times d$$

Volume of a Prism



$$D = \frac{\text{Weight}}{\text{Volume}}$$

Density

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a Cylinder

$$V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$$

Volume of a Cone

$$V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

Volume of a Sphere

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Surface Area of a Sphere

Quadratic Equations

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Quadratic Formula

Right-Angled Trigonometry

$$\mathit{Sin}x = \frac{o}{h}$$

$$\mathit{Cos}x = \frac{a}{h}$$

$$\mathit{Tan}x = \frac{o}{a}$$

SOH\CAH\TOA

Non Right-Angled Trigonometry

Sine Rule

$$\frac{a}{\mathit{Sin}A} = \frac{b}{\mathit{Sin}B} = \frac{c}{\mathit{Sin}C}$$

Cosine Rule

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\mathit{Cos}A$$

Area of a Triangle

$$A = \frac{ab\mathit{Sin}C}{2}$$

Formulae with Graphs

Slope or Gradient of a Straight Line

$$m = \frac{\mathit{height}}{\mathit{base}}$$

Mid-Point of a Line Joining 2 Points

$$M\left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$$

Money Formulae

$$I = \frac{PTR}{100}$$

Simple Interest

Quick Way to Increase or Decrease by a %

$$\text{Final Total} = 500 \times 1.07$$

Increase £500 by 7%

$$\text{Final Total} = 500 \times 1.23$$

Increase £500 by 23%

$$\text{Final Total} = 500 \times 1.70$$

Increase £500 by 70%

$$\text{Total} = P \times \left(1 + \frac{x}{100}\right)$$

Increase £P by x%

$$\text{Final Total} = 500 \times 0.93$$

Decrease £500 by 7%

$$\text{Final Total} = 500 \times 0.77$$

Decrease £500 by 23%

$$\text{Final Total} = 500 \times 0.30$$

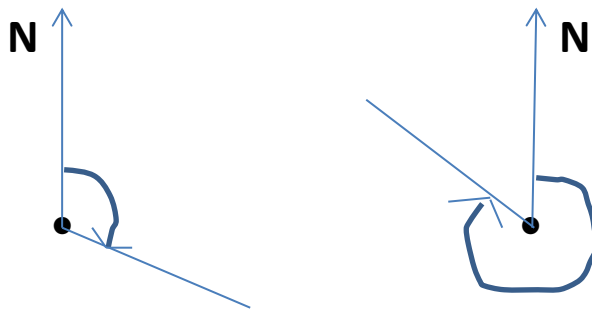
Decrease £500 by 70%

$$\text{Total} = P \times \left(1 - \frac{x}{100}\right)$$

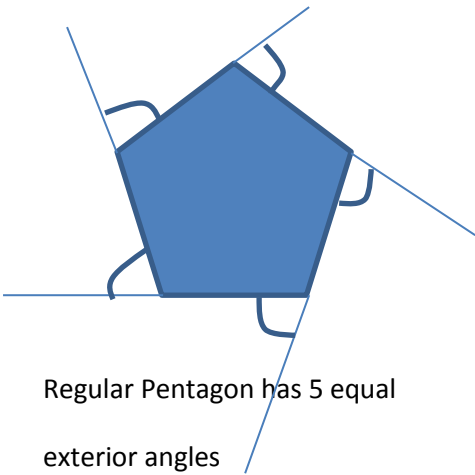
Decrease £P by x%

Bearings

The bearing is the clockwise angle from the north line.

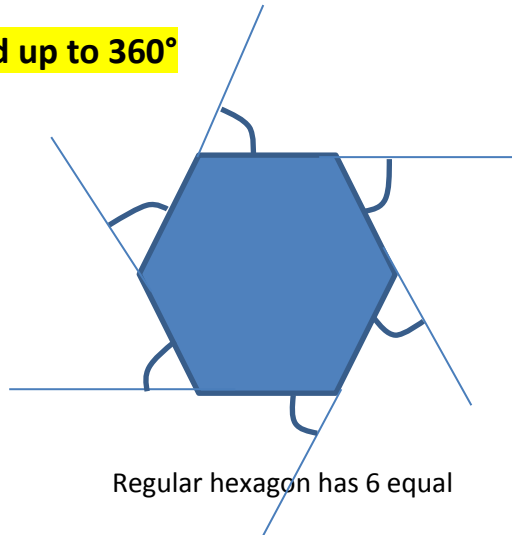


Exterior Angles of all shapes add up to 360°



Regular Pentagon has 5 equal exterior angles

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Each exterior} &= \frac{360}{5} \\ &= 72^\circ \end{aligned}$$



Regular hexagon has 6 equal

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Each exterior} &= \frac{360}{6} \\ &= 60^\circ \end{aligned}$$

For an x-sided regular shape(polygon)

$$\text{Each exterior} = \frac{360^\circ}{x}$$

Averages

Mode is the most common item in the list.

Median: Put numbers in ascending order and then pick out the central one.

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\text{Total}}{\text{Number of things added}}$$